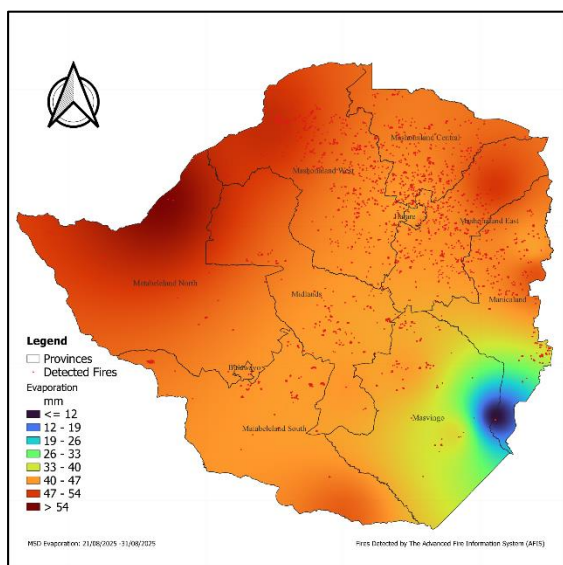


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All correspondences should be addressed to the Director

	Chipinge											
	Chisengu											
	Chisumbanje	0	E	13	35	12	91	000	NE	08	105	068
Masvingo (6 Stations)	Makoholi	1	E	06	33	7	69	000	SE	03	E	E
	Masvingo	0	05	08	32	6	66	000	SE	08	654	1089
	Zaka	0	06	12	35	7	79	000	SE	04	E	E
	Rupike	0	E	E	E	22	63	000	NW	06	E	E
	Buffalo Range	1	08	12	39	12	88	000	SE	04	574	100
Matabeleland North (6 Stations)	Binga	0	12	17	34	13	78	000	VRB	03	880	105
	Lupane	0	E	5	36	12	81	000	NE	08	E	E
	Hwange	0	4	6	33	10	69	000	NE	08	E	092
	Tsholotsho											
	Nkayi	0	04	08	35	04	52	000	SE	04	E	098
	Victoria Falls	0	06	09	34	7	47	000	E	06	E	105
Matabeleland South (5 Stations)	Kezi	1	06	07	36	E	E	000	E	03	E	E
	Matopos											
	Beitbridge	2	08	12	39	08	81	000	SE	05	729	E
	West Nich	0	4	6	37	E	E	000	E	04	E	105
	Plumtree	0	05	13	33	9	65	000	N	08	E	E
Bulawayo	Goetz											

EVAPORATION AND DETECTED FIRES



Evaporation increased across the country, with notably higher levels in northern Matabeleland North and Mashonaland West, driven by rising temperatures and stronger winds. The lowest evaporation totals were recorded in eastern Masvingo and southern Manicaland. Most fire detections occurred in Mashonaland West, Central, and East, reflecting the prevailing dryness, high temperatures, and winds that favour fire ignition and spread.

Figure 1: Evaporation totals in the last dekad ending 31-08-2025 and Active Fires Detected by the Advanced Fire Information Systems (AFIS)

WEATHER OUTLOOK: SEPTEMBER 2025

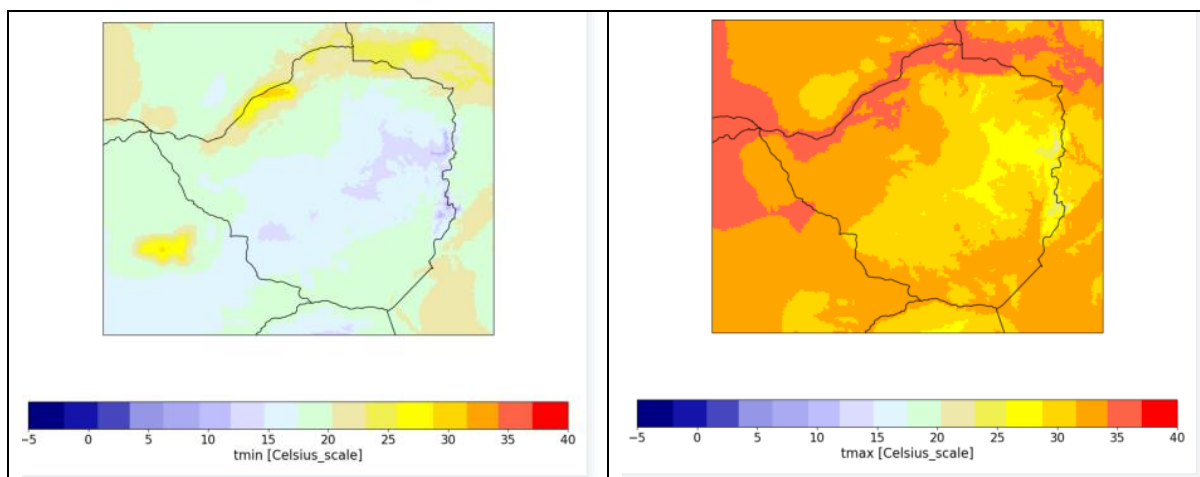


Fig 2: Minimum temperatures for the month of September.

Fig 3: Maximum temperatures for the month of September.

As illustrated in Figure 2, minimum September temperatures are projected to be within the mild range across many parts of the country, although the extreme northern districts are expected to be in the warm range. For maximum temperatures (Figure 3), much of the country will likely experience readings between 25°C and 30°C. Exceptions include parts of the Zambezi and Sabi valleys, where temperatures may exceed 35°C.

Table 2: Provincial Weather outlook valid from 03-09-2025 to 12-09-2025

Province	Agromet -Weather forecast	Wind Direction & Wind Speed (knots)	Relative Humidity (%)	Min/Max (°C)
Mashonaland Central	Clear skies and mild in the morning, mostly sunny and hot in the afternoon.	NE'ly	80-100	12-31
Mashonaland East	Sunny and hot in the afternoon, cool in the morning and evening.	NE'ly	80-100	10-30
Mashonaland West	Sunny and hot in the afternoon, cool in the morning and evening.	NE'ly	80-100	10-31
Harare	Mostly sunny and hot in the afternoon, cool in the morning and evening.	NE'ly	80-100	12-30

Midlands	Mostly sunny and hot for much of the day. Cold both in the morning and evening.	SE'ly	80-100	10-29
Manicaland	Partly cloudy and hot for much of the day.	SE'ly	80-100	08-27
Masvingo	Mostly sunny and hot for much of the day. Cold both in the morning and evening.	SE'ly	80-100	09-30
Matabeleland North	Sunny and hot in the afternoon, cool in the morning and evening.	NE'ly	80-100	12-30
Matabeleland South	Sunny and hot in the afternoon, cool in the morning and evening.	SE'ly	80-100	11-30
Bulawayo	Sunny and hot in the afternoon, cool in the morning and evening.	SE'ly	80-100	12-31

AGROMET ADVISORY

The forecasted hot and sunny conditions necessitate a focus on water conservation and heat stress mitigation. The following actions are recommended to protect crops, livestock, and workers:

- Schedule irrigation for the early morning or late evening hours to minimize significant water loss through evaporation that will occur under the hot afternoon sun. This practice also prevents leaf scorch that can happen if water droplets are magnified by the intense sunlight.
- Ensure all livestock have unlimited access to clean water and adequate shade throughout the day to prevent heat stress, which can lead to reduced feed intake, lower milk production, and health complications.
- Plan labour-intensive fieldwork, such as harvesting or pruning, for the cooler morning periods to protect workers from heat-related illness and ensure higher productivity during more comfortable conditions.
- Continue monitoring for pests like spider mites that tend to thrive in hot and dry conditions, even though the weather is generally unfavourable for the spread of many fungal diseases.